ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering offers the B.S., M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in electrical engineering and the B.S. degree in computer engineering.

Electrical Engineers design and develop anything and everything that uses electricity: from the power systems that bring electricity to our homes and communications systems that allow us to keep in touch with family and friends, to the electronic devices, electrical appliances, computers, sensors, and medical equipment that shape our everyday lives. Typical careers may find an EE collaborating with medical doctors or astronauts in the space program, designing advanced automotive and transportation systems, and interacting with other engineers and professionals. Many EEs work as scientists, inventing new kinds of electronic technology, instrumentation, and devices to help people.

Electrical engineers design, develop, analyze, research, and manufacture systems such as those for power generation distribution, communication, control, and instrumentation. Electrical engineers are also concerned with the devices that make up these systems, such as transistors, integrated circuits, rotating machines, antennas, and fusion plasma confinement devices. Low-power, reliable integrated circuits allow dramatic improvements that have driven the revolution in communications and computation. High-power transistors in combination with electronic controls are serving as the foundation for new ways of efficiently utilizing electrical power.

Computer engineers design, develop, analyze, research, and manufacture hardware, software, and systems that process, store, and convey digital information. These systems include personal computers, workstations, mainframe computers, and embedded digital systems. Embedded systems consist of one to many computers within other products such as aircraft, automobiles, communication switching systems, networking components, biomedical instrumentation, and industrial automation systems. These systems are characterized by the use of digital electronic hardware and software in performing useful tasks. Computer software in combination with digital integrated circuits provides the foundation for the current revolution in computers and communications. This focus on software and digital hardware distinguishes the computer engineer from the electrical engineer.

The curricula in the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering require a strong background in mathematics, physics, and computer sciences. In addition to basic course requirements in these areas, elective credits in the curriculum permit the student to pursue more advanced courses in these areas or in other fields, such as chemistry, biology, and mechanics. Additional electives in liberal studies broaden the programs to include such areas as economics, sociology, psychology, and history.

The electrical engineering and computer engineering programs share many courses in the sophomore year including digital systems, electrical circuits, and electromagnetic fields. Computer engineering students take additional courses in computer sciences to provide the software part of their background. In subsequent semesters, the electrical engineering and computer engineering programs share the study of solid state devices, and of signals and systems. In the junior year, the electrical engineering program focuses on areas such as electromagnetic fields and analog electronics whereas computer engineering deals with computer hardware design and combined hardware/software design concepts. Technical elective freedom in both curricula makes it possible for students to choose from approximately 50 more specialized courses at the junior and senior levels in electrical and computer engineering, as well as courses from other departments. In both curricula, a student can choose a broad program covering an introductory treatment of a variety of areas or focus in one or two specialized areas. An advising program, beginning in the freshman year, helps students plan their program.

To provide students with hands-on experience in electrical and computer engineering, specialized lab courses are offered at the senior level. For example, one involves the design and fabrication of integrated circuits and the other design and prototyping of a computer. Both classroom instruction and lab work are offered in the analysis and design of control systems and also in embedded systems, with microprocessors and personal computers incorporated into larger systems. Independent study and design projects are encouraged at the senior level and an honors research program is available which spans multiple years of the undergraduate program.

Although the B.S. in electrical engineering and B.S. in computer engineering programs are intended to prepare students for immediate entry into the profession of engineering, increasingly, students find an additional year or more of study leading to the M.S. degree very desirable. The Ph.D. degree is the most advanced degree and emphasizes training in research.

DEGREES/MAJORS/CERTIFICATES

• Computer Engineering, B.S. (http://guide.wisc.edu/undergraduate/engineering/electrical-computer-engineering/computer-engineering-bs)
• Electrical Engineering, B.S. (http://guide.wisc.edu/undergraduate/engineering/electrical-computer-engineering/electrical-engineering-bs)

PEOPLE

PROFESSORS
Booske (chair)
Anderson
Barmish
Behdad
Boston
Botez
DeMarco
Gubner (vice chair)
Hagness
Hitchon
Hu
Jahns
Jiang*
Knezevic
Lesieutre
Lipasti
Ma
Mawst
Nowak
Ramanathan (vice chair)
Sayeed
RESOURCES AND SCHOLARSHIPS

FACILITIES

Facilities available for instruction and research include:

- Automatic Control Laboratory
- CAE (Computer-Aided Engineering) and ECE Laboratory Computers
- Center for Plasma Theory and Computation Computers
- Computational Electromagnetics Laboratory
- Core ECE Labs
- Digital Engineering Lab
- Digital Logic and Microprocessor Lab
- Electromagnetic Materials Processing Laboratory
- Electronics Lab
- Embedded Systems Lab
- Excimer Laser and Radiofrequency Source Laboratory
- Fiber Optics and Opto-electronics Lab
- Grainger Electric Machines and Power Lab
- High-Frequency Engineering Lab
- High-Power Microwave Mode Conversion and Transmission Lab
- HSX Plasma Laboratory
- Integrated Circuit Facility
- Medical Instrumentation Lab
- Lab for Molecular Scale Engineering
- Microwave Scanner Laboratory
- Photonics Lab
- Plasma Processing & Technology Laboratory
- Power Electronics Lab
- Radiofrequency Plasma Source Laboratory
- Signal Processing Lab
- Vacuum Electronic Devices Lab
- Wisconsin Advanced Network Design, Experimentation, and Research (WANDER) Laboratory
- Signal Processing Lab
- Vacuum Electronic Devices Lab
- Wisconsin Advanced Network Design, Experimentation, and Research (WANDER) Laboratory

*For scholarship information, please contact Professor Jiang.*